

BROOKLYN EDITION OF THE EVENING WORLD--ONE CENT.

LAST EDITION.
EXTRA.
NOVOTETO-DAY

Progress of the Blaine-Harrison Fight at Minneapolis Delayed.

Credentials Committee Report on Contests Put Off Till To-Morrow.

Gov. McKinley Chosen Permanent Chairman and Makes a Strong Tariff Speech.

The Convention Adopts the Rules by Which Reed Ruled the Billion-Dollar Congress.

Harrison Men Threaten Ugly Things if the Policy of Delay is Persisted In.

None of the Leaders Now Expects that a Ballot Can Be Reached Till Late To-Morrow.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 8.—The delegates are assembling slowly.

11.05 P. M.—McKinley took the chair amid great cheering.

11.05 P. M.—The Home Market Club of Boston, has a banner conspicuously displayed, bearing the inscription, "American Wages for American Workers, American Markets for American People, Protection for American Homes."

11.17 A. M.—Mr. Fassett has taken the chair. Delegates are coming in rapidly. The States holding little caucuses on the Convention floor.

11.35 A. M.—National Committeeman Payne, of Wisconsin, just come in says this is the poll of the delegates: Harrison, 458; Blaine, 480; Alger, 42.

11.39 A. M.—There were loud cheers for George W. Childs, of Philadelphia, as he came on the platform.

11.40 A. M.—Chairman Fassett raps for order. Bishop Whipple, of Minneapolis, makes the invocation, concluding by reciting the Lord's Prayer.

When Senator Hisscock entered the hall the band was playing "Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep."

11.54 A. M.—Gen. Cogswell, of the Committee on Credentials, was recognized, and asked for more time to complete the work of the committee.

Ex-Senator Spooner asked when the Convention may expect a report.

Gen. Cogswell replied that the committee cannot report before to-morrow.

The Credentials Committee was then given more time.



GOV. WILLIAM MCKINLEY, JR.

11.50.—Delegate Lockwood, of Idaho, made the report of the Committee on Permanent Organization, naming for Permanent Chairman, Gov. William McKinley, Jr., of Ohio. The announcement was received with cheers.

Charles W. Johnson, of Minnesota, was made permanent secretary.

The report of the permanent organization was accepted, and Delegates Fassenden, ex-Senator Spooner and ex-Senator Mahone were designated to escort Gov. McKinley to the chair.

Gov. McKinley said this Convention would present a platform and a candidate that would meet with the approbation of the country, and predicted success in November.

Gov. McKinley eulogized the tariff bearing his name, and its results, and said it was the party's duty to see that there was a free and honest ballot in all parts of the land.

His address occupied about twenty minutes, and was received with enthusiasm.

12.18 P. M.—Douglass was called for, and taking the platform, bowed in response to the calls.

12.18 P. M.—One of the Ohio delegates says that if Harrison is not nominated on the first ballot, they will go solid to McKinley.

12.30 P. M.—A North Carolina man rose to a question.

McCombs, of Maryland, asked what change has been made in rule 8.

There was a good deal of sparring over the rules between Blaine and Harrison delegates, but the report was finally carried.

12.33 P. M.—Delegate Bingham, of Pennsylvania, submitted the report of the Rules Committee, making the rules of the fifty-first Congress the rules of the Convention, with necessary modifications.

The report of the Committee on Rules was adopted.

Rule 6 provides that the Credentials Committee must report before the Committee on Resolutions, and the Resolutions Committee must report before any other business is transacted. This is evidently intended for delay.

12.36 P. M.—Foraker, of Ohio, rose to speak for the Committee on Resolutions. He asked for further time.

12.40 P. M.—Chairman Foraker, of the Committee on Resolutions, asked for further time, which was granted. Foraker was cheered by the Convention.

The Roll of States for Nominations for National Committeemen is now being called.

12.58 A. M.—Adjourned until 11 o'clock to-morrow.

STORY OF TO-DAY'S SESSION.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 8.—A purpose to get all the liveliness and fun possible out of the Republican Convention to-day, if graver matters proved impossible of focus, seemed to be the determination of everybody from the big gathering pulled itself together.

The most striking individual in the hall, just before the call to order, was an ascetic-looking, saw-tooth-complexioned, but with keen-eyed and genial-appearing man, with iron-gray hair, surrounded by a purple skull cap. He was seated near the Chairman's desk. He was Bishop Whipple, of the Episcopal Diocese of Minnesota, and he was there to open proceedings with prayer.

The first cheering, as yesterday, was when McKinley entered, and the ovation lacked none of yesterday's heartiness. The snow-haired, sombre-featured Fred Douglass was the next to evoke cheering.

Illinois, following the example of California, brought in a standard to-day. It was of bright blue, with gold lettering, inscribed "Lincoln, Grant, Logan." Ingalls, of Kansas, got a volley of loud recognition when he put in an appearance.

That important action was in prospect during the day began to be suspected when 11 o'clock arrived and but few of the best-known leaders could be seen in the crowd. Platt, Quay, Clarkson, Depew and many others of the most prominent men were missing, although the hour of assembling had purposely been made late.

Sewell, of New Jersey, had a troubled look. He was hurrying about looking for a member of the Committee on Permanent Organization. There was no known reason why the Committee should not be ready to report, but its members apparently were nowhere to be found. And it was this circumstance as much as any other that prevented the Convention being called to order

on time. Messrs. Spooner and Payne, of Wisconsin, were holding an animated colloquy in the Wisconsin delegation, but when separated Payne denied that the Rusk boom was under consideration. He solemnly declared that it was only a pleasant little chat, on his part, with his Wisconsin colleague.

The fact that Payne has an outspoken opponent of Harrison and Spooner an earnest advocate of Harrison's nomination, caused rumors that their talk was directed towards a compromise on Rusk.

Deny Changes in New York's Ranks.

At 11.30 Powell Clayton, tall, slender and active, with his empty sleeve adding to his striking military aspect, was busily canvassing the situation among members of the New York delegation. One of the best informed of the New York men, Murray, was authority for the statement that no decided change had been effected in the Gothamites' ranks, and that the New York men at least expected no baiting until to-morrow at the nearest.



DELEGATE HAHN, OF OHIO.

Delegate Hahn, of Ohio, a well-known Sherman supporter, after much talking with his fellow-Buckeyes in the centre of the hall, made his way through the crowds to the Pennsylvania corner, near the stage. There he put in considerable time and afterwards interviewed the New York men.

Gen. Fairchild, of Wisconsin, upon whom the fate of the free silver men in the Platform Committee seems to depend, was an object of general attention. He declared to a friend that he was with the silver men, all talk to the contrary notwithstanding.

"But," he added, smiling, "I am with the other fellows, too. We are all for good men," he continued, more seriously, "and you will find that the difficulties might be solved in due time, and the financial plank be what it should be."

"As yet we have taken no action whatever, and will not till the Convention adjourns this afternoon, and possibly not then."

It was now close to noon and the hall was crowded almost to its utmost capacity when Chairman Fassett pounded for order.

The Credentials Committee had not up to 11 o'clock passed upon a single one of the contested seats, and the chairman of the committee, Gen. Cogswell, of Maine, Mass., as compelled to report to the Convention that no progress had been made.

This throws the credentials report over for a day, and postpones the permanent roll on which balloting must proceed.

As a Harrison man this will not be a pleasant task for him, for it is useless to conceal the fact that the Administration forces are anxious to move things and force a declaration by an open ballot and thus put on record those delegates who are not open and avowed advocates of the President, and are inclined to stay in the Sylvan glens and umbrageous shades of the doubtful column.

THE POLICY OF DELAY.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 8.—No one knows when a ballot is likely to be cast, as the progress of the Convention appears to be dependent entirely on the action of the Committee on Credentials. This committee practically controls the political situation, as it is within its power, in case that power is exercised unscrupulously, to beat or unseat enough delegates to exercise the balance of power in the Convention.

It is very manifest that the proceedings of that committee are not to be characterized by that harmony which has been so strongly urged on all sides for the past twenty-four hours. The Blaine people have control of the committee, but the opposition has a very large and aggressive minority, and every advantage point is contested stubbornly and eloquently.

It has generally been the custom that the committee on Credentials appointed on the first day of the Convention has been prepared to report on the opening of the second, but that will not be the case this time. The Harrison forces are of almost equal strength at this time. The Blaine people have the advantage of the organization, not only of the Convention, but of the important committees. The Harrison managers, however, succeed in keeping their forces well together to prevent the slightest appearance of demoralization.

The knowledge that McKinley is to be Chairman of the Convention has added some what to the Presidential boom of the Governor of the Buckeye State, which is being widely discussed by the more conservative delegates, and there is evidently a move-

ment in some quarters to spring his name as a dark horse when the occasion seems to indicate the probable success of such action.

Ex-Gov. Rusk, Secretary of Agriculture, and John Sherman, the Ohio Senator, and W. B. Allison, the Senator from Iowa, and others are mentioned as possible candidates, but neither Blaine nor Harrison has thus far entered the slightest indication of abandonment of their candidate to turn to a dark horse in order to defeat the opposition.



EX-GOV. JOSEPH B. FORAKER.

Law Commissioner Carter said: "We fully realize that the opposition to the President does not rest in the hands of the President and Mr. Blaine, as the President would defeat him by over 100 majority on a square vote. Under these circumstances we expect that the opposition will employ every means at its command to defer the ballot on candidates."

"We do not intend to interpose any objections to the employment of all the time that any reasonable person may consider necessary for the investigations of questions at issue on credentials and the perfection of permanent organization, but when it becomes obvious that dilatory tactics are being employed to prevent the Convention from expressing its free voice, we are satisfied that the Convention will take the matter in hand and dispose of all frivolous and dilatory oppositions in very short order."

The supporters of the President in this Convention rest in the consciousness of their strength, and are disposed to allow those who feel opposed to the President's re-nomination to have ample opportunity to satisfy themselves that he is not only the strongest candidate before the Convention, but that the people in the doubtful States, through the press and otherwise, know that he is the only candidate seriously considered in connection with the nomination.

"The opposition has practically abandoned Blaine and are now skirmishing about in the extreme corner of the Convention hall, where they will prove stronger in the Convention than they have been able to show Mr. Blaine to be."

SUSAN B. ANTHONY MAY SPEAK.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 8.—The Woman Suffrage cause is particularly strong this year, and Miss Susan B. Anthony, of New York, is among the prominent agitators in the city. She is President of the National Woman Suffrage Association, which has twenty-three State departments.

Miss Anthony is in Minneapolis for a special purpose at this time. She occupies a seat in the Convention, and though the voice of a woman from the platform would be an unprecedented occurrence in the history of the Republican party, she is prepared to speak should occasion arise.

The only woman who ever addressed a National Convention is Phoebe Cushman, who was invited to speak by the late Democratic National Convention. Miss Anthony hopes to have a hearing from the Committee on Resolutions, and will make an effort to have a plank placed in the Republican platform to the effect that every woman of legal age shall be given the ballot as a weapon of defense for a protection of property.

A mass-meeting in the interests of woman suffrage is to be held to-night and Miss Anthony is among the speakers.

SCENES BEFORE THE CONVENTION

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 8.—The town was astir early this morning, for the Convention was to resume its work at 11 o'clock, and the day's proceedings gave promise of unusual interest. At the West and Nicollet Hotels there is great bustle and excitement.

The corridors are crowded almost to suffocation and great throngs collected in the streets in front of the houses of political activity. People were early on their way towards the Convention hall, and the procession of pedestrians on Central avenue, leading over the bridge to the Exposition ground, rapidly increased in numbers. The tooting of horns, the rattle of drums and the inspiring music of brass bands were heard on every side.

Minneapolis people, who were unable to gain admittance to the hall yesterday on account of the great number, who turned out to witness the opening exercises, took an earlier start to-day, and at 10 o'clock there was an enormous gathering at the main entrance of the Exposition building.

The various visiting clubs and organizations were soon ready to take up their line of march in the same direction, and the streets were filled with marching delegations, cheering and yelling as they went along with brass bands in the van.

The Chicago Blaine Club and the Cincinnati Republican Club made a fine showing. The former carried their tri-colored plumes, while the latter were provided with red and white cotton umbrellas, which have proved decidedly useful since the club arrived in town, for it has rained almost all the time. Towards noon the weather became threatening and the sky dark and overcast.

The Port Wayne Blaine shouters started in force for the Convention hall and the box Motters Harrison Club followed close behind, only using their drums to drown out the shouts of the other crowd. The weather and muddy streets do not seem to dampen the ardor of these enthusiasts in the slightest degree.

The routs of the West Hotel to-day is adorned with two enormous full length crayon portraits of the rival leaders in the race for the Presidency, set up opposite each other at either side of the main entrance.

The paraders are dressed in fantastic attire, tinsel dusters and white plug hats being the prevailing type for both the Blaine and Harrison forces.

A Blaine club from Wisconsin wears a com-

position, with enormous pearl buttons and rough linen towels around their tall hats. The motto of the club, "Blaine, Protection and Rectitude," is inscribed upon a large banner carried at the head of the procession, and the people on the streets cheered the column as it marched along.

Figuring at the head of each faction is going on steadily. The Harrison men say now that they are absolutely sure of 400 votes for their candidate on the first ballot, while the Blaine reaction put the Plumed Knight's strength at 480.

The fact that the anti-Harrison element has captured the four committees made much of by the followers of Blaine, and they contend that it shows the Harrison strength to be less than the leaders of that faction claim.

The Committee on Credentials is in session this morning, and will send a sub-committee to the Convention to report that it cannot complete its work before late this evening. It is reported this morning that the silver men have organized and will make a hard fight in the Committee on Resolutions to secure a plank in the platform favorable to their views. At all events they will insist upon nothing antagonistic to the silver interest appearing in the platform.

THE MORNING IN MINNEAPOLIS.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 8.—The real work of the Convention begins to-day. It is admitted by all that there are lively times ahead, though the situation early this morning appears to be practically unchanged.

Reports from the Harrison and anti-Harrison headquarters are to be believed. If they are each gaining as steadily and surely as they say they are they must have secured at the present time at least 600 or 700 delegates apiece.



GEN. RUSSELL A. ALGER.

Information gathered from all sources seems to indicate at daybreak that the Harrison men have made the most progress in winning over the doubtful ones, and that the present situation is simply a stand-off between the rival forces.

Each side is really afraid of the other, and the leaders exaggerate their own strength in order to keep their lines intact, and encourage their respective followers to believe that they have the best of the fight. There is an amount of underground wire-pulling going on, but it must be said that the Harrison men are more frank and open in the fight than their opponents.

A surprising feature of the situation is the apparent weakening of the Blaine boom within the past twenty-four hours, with a corresponding increase in confidence of the Harrison organization. This, coming immediately after the enthusiastic predictions of the Blaine men's friends Monday night, has emphasized the order of the following consideration. It is due to the fact that many of the claims made have been shown to be unfounded.

The rumor is afloat to-day that the anti-Harrison men do not intend to put Blaine in nomination at all, and that they are only seeking to gain time to consolidate their strength and bring some third man on the Convention.

Plotting for a Stampede.

It is admitted by many outspoken friends of Blaine that he has not enough votes to make his nomination certain on the first ballot, and in that event it is necessary to draw enough votes from Harrison to make the latter's nomination impossible on the first ballot. If this can be done, it is argued, and Blaine appears as a candidate, there will be a stampede to his standard from the Harrison ranks on the second ballot of those who voted for him on the first from a sense of duty.

The theory is that the large proportion of the Harrison delegates were appointed and instructed or pledged before it was known that Blaine was a candidate, and that while they are bound to follow instructions their hearts are for Blaine.

If Harrison is not nominated on the first ballot, they say, his doom is sealed. Blaine or some dark horse is bound to win.

The work of quarry among the Southern delegates is known to have secured some votes for Blaine, but these, the Harrison men allege, are already conceded to Blaine, including the contesting anti-Harrison delegates who have been seated by the National Committee. There are usually no holes in Quay's wall, say Blaine's friends, and this thought gives them confidence.

Another rumor is that it is the intention to drop Mr. Blaine entirely. In the event that the contest proves too bitter to secure harmony by the nomination of either of the leading candidates, a third ticket, headed by either Reed or McKimley, may be brought before the Convention.

The Alger boom has gained somewhat in strength, and it is claimed this morning that he has forty-eight votes and is in the fight. McKinley is relied upon to detach some votes in Ohio in case the dilatory tactics are played by the Blaine men.

The Reed talk has been stimulated by the unexpected popularity shown by him at yesterday's session of the Convention. The ovation which he received was apparently unprepared for, and spontaneous, and could hardly have been more cordial and enthusiastic if the tribute had been given to Blaine himself. In fact, this incident is the chief topic of conversation among the delegates to-day, and in view of the uncertainty of the issue between Blaine and Harrison, Reed is looked to by many to fill the gap.

His speech of yesterday seemed to thrill

every one with the wildest enthusiasm, and the cheers that followed it continued for several minutes. The receipt given to McKinley was almost cold in comparison. As the latter is to be the permanent chairman, and his refusal to do so is regarded as entirely proper.

One important gain for Harrison results from the splitting up of the Rhode Island delegation, which has heretofore been considered solid for Blaine. It appears that the leaders of the delegation have come to the conclusion that Blaine is simply being used as a stalking horse to defeat Harrison. Accordingly the Rhode Island men have withdrawn their support from Blaine and gone to Harrison, not in a body, but at least four or five.

I. E. Goff, of Providence, said to THE EVENING WORLD correspondent this morning: "We are secretly solid for Blaine, and will remain so, though there are two or three who have inclinations towards Harrison. I believe that Blaine will be nominated on the first ballot. There is no use of talking of a dark horse, for there will be no chance for one."

George N. Deering, a leading member of the Maine delegation, said this morning: "There is little probability that Blaine will be nominated on the first ballot. Indeed, I think I am certain even whether his name is presented to the Convention, though of course he will get just as many votes as he will actually place in nomination."



Baiting the Traps at Minneapolis.

HAVE WE GOT SAMANA BA? San Domingo Hears So and, with Hayti, Gets Excited.

PARIS, June 8.—A despatch received in this city from Kingston, Jamaica, states that great excitement has been caused in San Domingo by the announcement that the report that Samana Bay, in the western part of the Dominican Republic, the terminus of the Sanchez-Lavega Railway, had been ceded to the United States, had been confirmed.

The German Consul at Port au Prince, the despatch further says, has received instructions from his Government to come to an understanding with the representatives of France and England regarding the steps necessary to be taken to safeguard the autonomy of San Domingo. The news has caused great uneasiness in Haiti.

LEFT WOOD OUT OF HER WILL.

Witness Charles Seeb Says Mrs. Horchies So Declared to Him.

The Maria E. Horchies will contest was resumed this morning before Surrogate Ransom. The first witness called was Charles S. Seeb, whose father was a business partner of B. K. Horchies.

He testified to having met Mrs. Horchies in Vienna in 1888, and that subsequently in 1885 he resumed his acquaintance with her in this city.

According to witness, Mrs. Horchies told him that she had made a will and had left \$100,000 to her son, and that she refused to see him at times when he called.

The case is still on.

BARBARA FOUND DROWNED.

Was the Little Girl Enticed Upon One of the Canal-Boats?

The body of ten-year-old Barbara Mass, who disappeared last Saturday from her home, 640 West Fortieth street, was drawn from the North river this morning at the foot of Fortieth street.

It was thought that the girl had been enticed into one of the many canal-boats moored along the Fortieth street dock, and the police search was unfruitfully carried on until it resulted in the finding of her body this morning. The police are investigating the case.

A PARKHURST RAID.

The Doctor's Agents Descend on a West Thirtieth Street House.

Agents Charles W. Gardner and William H. Moore, of Dr. Parkhurst's society, raided the house 223 West Thirtieth street last evening, kept by Mrs. Kitty Moore.

They found two men and two women in the place and arrested them, together with the police. Justice Grady dismissed the other parties, but held Mrs. Moore in \$500 bail for examination.

HE READ DIME NOVELS.

A Boy Thief, When Searched, Had a Revolver and Box of Cartridges.

Aug. Wittenbacher, fourteen, clerk for Louis Henner, grocer, 400 East Sixty-third street, was held in \$200 bail by Justice Ryan in the Horville Police court this morning for the larceny of a \$20 bill, which he took from a bureau drawer upstairs.

When searched a revolver and box of cartridges were found on him. He admitted to Justice Ryan that he read dime novels.

THE SNAKE BITE WAS DEATH.

A Jersey Quarryman Succumbs to the Fangs of a Pilot Snake.

LAST EDITION.
OIL CREEK'S HORROR.

It Calls Men to Stern Duty for the Dead and the Distressed.

Hundreds of Families Homeless at Oil City and Titusville.

Report and Impulsive Action of a Philadelphia Relief Committee.

PHILADELPHIA, June 8.—The Press this morning, in its summary of the Oil Creek Valley situation, says:

"The citizens of Oil City and Titusville, recovering from the dazed condition into which Sunday's terrible holocaust had plunged them, are earnestly at work burying the dead, caring for the living and searching for the missing. Gov. Pattison and his staff visited the scenes of destruction yesterday and conferred with the prominent citizens and officials of the cities."

"No accurate list of the dead and injured has yet been made up. It will exceed 100. Orders have been given to bury the dead within twenty-four hours, and at Oil City twenty-two funerals took place yesterday, while at Titusville there were as many more. Bodies have been found at Foxboro, eleven miles from Oil City."

"Agents of the mercantile agencies are compiling the losses. They think it will not exceed \$1,000,000, and that it will be nearly covered by insurance. Relief measures are progressing in many places. Rudolph Blankenburg, of Philadelphia, subscribed \$5,000 for each of the stricken cities on behalf of the General Relief Committee."

"At Titusville there are 150 homeless families, and at Oil City 600 persons are being cared for. Business has been suspended, and every one capable of work is engaged in the effort to restore order. The first mail was received and despatched yesterday, and communication with the outside world fully re-established."

Mayor Stuart has received the following report from the committee which went to the scene of disaster:

San, John, & Sons, Mayor and Chairman, Philadelphia:

Arrived at Oil City at 1 o'clock, in company with Gov. Pattison. Forty-three bodies recovered. A low estimate of losses \$1,000,000. Seven hundred people turned out of homes and homes.

After thoroughly investigating here we proceeded to Titusville by special train, the first since the disaster.

Found the state of affairs at Titusville much worse than here. Up to this day sixty-six bodies recovered. A low estimate of loss is a million and a half. About 750 people homeless.

Immediate help is so badly needed that we arranged for a special train to draw for \$5,000 each, trusting to Philadelphia's whole-hearted generosity to help these stricken people. Liberal donations now being solicited. Excellent committees have been formed in both places.

Have called a joint meeting of the Committees from Oil City and Titusville for to-morrow, to arrange for equitable distribution of contributions for both places. Expect to arrive home Thursday morning. Would advise our friends to contribute for Thursday noon. Prompt action is needed.

FORETOLD OIL CREEK'S HORROR.

A Negro Prophet in Indiana Looked Up as a Lunatic.

AVONDSBORO, Ind., June 7.—John Stoner, a colored preacher of this town, one month ago went into a trance on the street corner in this city and foretold with great vigor the destruction of the cities in the oil regions of Pennsylvania by fire.

Everybody thought Stoner was crazy, but the police, on arrestment, with which he talked about the affair impressed every one who heard him. The poor fellow was looked up for insanity, and is still in jail.

Nothing more was thought of the matter until the terrible disaster befell the oil regions Monday night, when the prophetic words of the old dard were recalled. There are some people in town who are now wondering whether Stoner is crazy or gifted with prophetic instinct.

NEW YORK WILL RESPOND.

Mayor Grant Receives an Appeal from the Mayor of Titusville.

Mayor Grant received this morning by telegraph this appeal for aid from the sufferers by the recent disaster in the oil regions of Pennsylvania.

ITITUSVILLE, Pa., June 7. Mayor of New York.

Titusville has met with a loss by fire and death of nearly a quarter of a million dollars. The loss of life is about 100, and 150 families are homeless. Any assistance will be gratefully remembered. Respectfully, F. O. ECKERT, Mayor.

Mayor Grant said he would receive contributions and see to it that the money will be forwarded promptly to the proper persons for distribution among the needy.

The Mayor's Relief Fund was started by two subscriptions of \$10 each, one from Fortuna Lodge, 318, E. O. F., and the other from Mosenthal & Son.

An Iowa Village Swept Away.

CHICKENHART, June 8.—An explosion occurred at King's Powder Mill, twenty miles from here, yesterday. Lightning struck the machines in the cartridge house and Archie Grubbs, of Morrow, Pa., was instantly killed. Joshua Clotte had his leg broken and back injured. Louis Ludeke had his arm and face badly hurt. Several others were slightly injured.

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